**Unit 14 I remember meeting all of you in Grade 7.**

**Written test part (共95分)**

**Ⅴ. 单项选择（每小题1分，共15分）**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

(    )21. We must read the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the bottle carefully before taking medicines.

A. articles        B. reviews      C. expressions              D. instructions

(    )22. Different writing tasks will be given according to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the students.

A. safety                B. level    C. attention                        D. future

(    )23. —Do you think our table tennis team will win first place?

—Yes, I think so. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is much stronger.

A. Ours                   B. Theirs C. Yours                D. His

(    )24. We don’t share a bedroom. We each have a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bedroom.

A. typical                B. perfect C. separate             D. spare

(    )25. The workers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the difficulties and finished the task fifteen days ahead of time.

A. increased         B. created        C. mentioned              D. overcame

(    )26. As long as you do your best, you never fail \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what you want.

A. get                      B. getting C. to get                D. to getting

(    )27. At the moment the teacher together with the students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ how to improve reading skills.

A. is discussing                  B. are discussing

C. has discussed               D. have discussed

(    )28. Nancy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ talking unless you tell her to stop.

A. will keep                B. kept          C. was going to keep     D. has kept

(    )29. Judy is going to marry the young man she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Beijing last year.

A. meets                   B. met             C. has met           D. will meet

(    )30. Mr. Smith \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ much time off from work up to now, so he’s really looking forward to his vacation.

A. didn’t take                     B. hadn’t taken

C. won’t take                     D. hasn’t taken

(    )31. As doctors, they are supposed to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the care and health of all the patients.

A. be thirsty for                   B. be responsible for

C. be harmful to                   D. be similar to

(    )32. Before we begin the new lesson, I want you to do two things. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, review what we learned yesterday. Then do some warm-up activities.

A. As a result                     B. As far as I know

C. First of all                      D. All in all

(    )33. When I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the past and think how much time has been wasted, I feel very regretful.

A. look up to                      B. look back at

C. take care of                   D. take pride in

(    )34. —Can you tell me  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on Mother’s Day?

—Well ... I wrote a poem for my mother.

A. where you went               B. where did you go

C. what you did                    D. what did you do

(    )35. —Shall we meet at 11:00 tomorrow morning?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Let’s make it a little earlier. How about 10:00?

A. Don’t worry                    B. It’s no big deal

C. Good idea                     D. I’m afraid I can’t

**Ⅵ. 完形填空（每小题1分，共10分）**

先通读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选择可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

We learn many things at school. One of the important things is that teachers have  36  personalities (个性). Some teachers have a friendly attitude (态度) towards their students, while other teachers look cool and strict. What should you do  37  you have a “difficult” teacher?

Here is the first thing you need to  38 : a “difficult” teacher can still teach you what you need to know. He just goes about it in a very different way. You should ask yourself if the teacher  39  all the students the same way. If the answer is yes, then you don’t need to worry. If the answer is no, you need to have the  40  to ask him why. Don’t be afraid.

When you sit down with your teacher, let him know that you want to be the best student possible. Let him know that you  41  he is picking on (故意刁难) you, and be sure to get examples ready. Remember to speak openly and politely.

You will  42  find that the teacher is glad to talk with you. He has no idea how you feel, and he will explain  43  you why he is doing things that way.

Then if you are not happy with the  44  you had with your teacher, the next step would be to speak with your parents. Give them  45  side of the story. They will help you find a way to work through your problems.

(    )36. A. real B. different C. outgoing D. direct

(    )37. A. if B. since C. because D. though

(    )38. A. ask B. change C. decide D. understand

(    )39. A. helps B. treats C. advises D. influences

(    )40. A. power B. honor C. courage D. experience

(    )41. A. feel B. imagine C. recall D. prefer

(    )42. A. already B. probably C. hardly D. still

(    )43. A. for B. about C. with D. to

(    )44. A. fight B. show C. conversation D. interview

(    )45. A. your B. his  C. her D. their

**Ⅶ. 情景交际（每小题1分，共5分）**

根据对话内容，从方框中选择恰当的选项补全对话，其中有两项多余。

A: Victor, I’ll always remember my college days. (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ It was hard, but I made it.

B: Yes, Bert. We put in a lot of effort. Do you remember how you felt when you graduated?

A: Of course. It was a proud day for me. (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I was so nervous. I couldn’t find my cap and gown (学位帽和学位服), but it all worked out in the end.

B: Haha ... (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: I was planning to attend graduate school, but then I was offered a good job, so I changed my mind.

B: (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: Yes. So what about you? What did you do after graduation?

B: I attended graduate school and continued my study. (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A: Wow! I hope you’ll get a wonderful job.

B: I hope so too.

|  |
| --- |
| A. I’ll graduate next year.  B. What are your plans for next year?  C. It was one of the best times of my life.  D. Then what did you do after graduation?  E. My family attended my graduation ceremony.  F. Sounds like you’re happy with your decision.  G. I still remember how excited I felt on that day. |

**Ⅷ. 阅读理解（每小题2分，共30 分）**

**A**

**LTL Language School**

**Spoken Chinese Courses**

Learn to speak Mandarin (普通话) quickly with our Spoken Only Chinese program at LTL Beijing.

**Group classes**

\* With the **Standard Program**, you have a total of 12 hours of classes each week in small groups (6 people at most). Classes are on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at our central Beijing school for four hours a day.

\*The **Intensive (密集的) Program** includes an additional (额外的) eight hours of 1-on-1 classes each week. The classes are taught on Tuesday and Thursday, four hours a day. With a total of 20 hours spent on only speaking, you will make progress very quickly.

**Individual (一个人的) classes**

If you want to study during the evenings and weekends, the I**ndividual Program** is the right choice for you. Classes can be taken at any time from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., any days of the week, at any location in Beijing. For prices, please send a WeChat message to Student Advisor Maria now. Her WeChat number is 18410181078.

**Class prices** (including textbooks and study materials)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number of weeks** | **Standard Program (yuan)** | **Intensive Program (yuan)** |
| 2 | 2,665 | 4,777 |
| 4 | 4,604 | 8,828 |
| 6 | 6,615 | 12,951 |
| 8 | 8,432 | 16,880 |
| 12 | 11,631 | 24,303 |

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

(    )51. Each week, students of the Standard Program need to go to the language school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. once                 B. twice        C. three times          D. four times

(    )52. How many hours of classes does the Intensive Program require students to take each week?

A. 8.                    B. 12.     C. 16.                       D. 20.

(    )53. Individual classes allow students in Beijing to take classes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. at home                B. on WeChat

C. at any time of the day   D. with a friend sometimes

(    )54. If Tina wants to take 6 weeks of Intensive Program classes, she needs to pay \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yuan.

A. 4,604       B. 6,615        C. 8,828           D. 12,951

(    )55. Which of the following is **TRUE**?

A. There are at least 6 students in each learning group.

B. Students need to pay additional money for textbooks.

C. 1-on-1 classes of the Intensive Program are given twice a week.

D. Students can e-mail Maria to get price information on individual classes.

**B**

In Singapore, primary and high school students take outdoor-skills courses as part of their studies. They are usually three to five days long and include rope and rock climbing, going to sea in a small boat, sleeping in a tent at night, taking long walks in the forest, and learning to make a fire. It’s real life. One careless mistake could make someone really get hurt. Are those outdoor skills really important?

Minister of Education Ng Chee Meng says that the outdoor courses help students develop skills like critical thinking (批判性思维), teamwork, and good communication — abilities that are necessary for work and life. He believes that these skills are as important as traditional subjects. Students need to learn from books, but for some lessons, reading isn’t as useful as doing.

What do the students think? Angelique, a student from Singapore, went for a boat trip in the sea. “It helped me to grow stronger,” she says. The trip was stressful because it was stormy that day. There were moments (片刻) when she felt afraid and hopeless. But she remembered that “smooth seas never made a skilled sailor (水手)” and felt brave enough to continue against the storm. “I am thankful for this amazing chance,” she says.

Right now, students attend the courses with groups from their own school. After 2020, however, all students will do the course in groups from several different schools. Why does this matter? Good communication skills are more important now than ever. Working closely with students from other backgrounds is a great way to learn this useful lesson.

One student said it this way, “There is nothing to be afraid of and nothing’s impossible.” And that’s a great lesson to learn.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

(    )56. What do we know about the outdoor-skills courses from Paragraph 1?

A. They are similar to P.E.

B. They are usually one week long.

C. Students may get hurt in the courses.

D. Each student in Singapore needs to take them.

(    )57. According to Ng Chee Meng, the outdoor courses \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. are less useful than reading

B. are as difficult as traditional subjects

C. can help with students’ other subjects

D. teach students necessary work and life skills

(    )58. The writer uses Angelique’s example to show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. why the courses are popular

B. what the courses are really like

C. what students think of the courses

D. how students can succeed in the courses

(    )59. How different will the outdoor-skills courses be after 2020?

A. They will include more activities.

B. They will be much longer in time.

C. Students will have to attend them more often.

D. Students from different schools will have to work together.

(    )60. What can be the best title of the passage?

A. Outdoor classroom

B. Education in Singapore

C. Important outdoor skills

D. The future of school courses

**C**

One day all the workers reached the office and they saw a big notice on the door which said, “Yesterday the person who has been hindering (妨碍) your growth in this company (公司) passed away. We invite you to attend the funeral (葬礼) in the meeting room on the 5th floor. ” In the beginning, the workers all felt sorry for the dead person, but after a while, they started to wonder who that man was.

In the room, everyone thought, “Who is this guy that was hindering my progress? Well, at least he died!”  One by one the workers got closer to the coffin (棺材), and when they looked inside they suddenly became speechless.  They stood near the coffin, shocked and in silence, as if someone had touched the deepest part of their hearts. There was a mirror inside the coffin; everyone who looked inside it could see himself. And there was also a sign next to the mirror that said, “There is only one person who is able to set limits on (对……加以限制) your growth: it is YOU.”

You are the only person who can change your life. You are the only person who can help yourself. Your life does not change when your boss changes, when your friends change, when your partner changes or when your company changes. Your life changes when you change, when you realize that you are the only one responsible for your life. The most important relationship you can have is the one you have with yourself. The world is like a mirror; it gives back to anyone what one has strongly believed. The world and your life are like mirrors lying in a coffin. It’s the way you face life that makes the difference.

根据材料内容完成下列句子，每空词数不限。

61. The workers attended a funeral \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  on the 5th floor.

62. As soon as the workers looked inside the coffin, they were too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  to say a word.

63. According to the sign next to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, it is you who hinder your growth.

64. If your life changes, that’s all because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have changed.

65. The world is like a mirror and it reflects what one has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Ⅸ. 词汇运用（每小题1分，共5分）**

从方框中选择合适的单词填空，使每个句子在结构、句意和逻辑上正确。

|  |
| --- |
| text, method, senior, double, congratulate |

66. There are three \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for solving the problem.

67. Alfred offered me his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on passing the math test.

68. Matt thinks reading difficult English \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will help improve his English.

69. I used to go to the cinema, but I haven’t had time since I entered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ high school.

70. The club has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its members in the last five years. Now there are 200 members.

**Ⅹ. 完成句子（每小题1分，共5分）**

根据汉语意思，完成英语句子，每空一词。

71. 我们连续三次被他们打败了。

We were beaten by them three times \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

72. 昨天孩子们把游戏室弄得一团糟。

The kids \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the playroom yesterday.

73. 面试时请沉住气。

Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during the interview.

74. 我相信你会干得很好。我信赖你！

I’m sure you’ll do a good job. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_!

75. 日子一天天过去了，仍然没有任何消息。

Day after day \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and still no message arrived.

**Ⅺ. 综合填空（每小题1分，共10分）**

阅读短文，从方框中选择恰当的词并用其适当形式填空，使短文完整、通顺。每词限用一次，其中有两个是多余的。

|  |
| --- |
| feel, shoulder, if, graduate, may, talent, even, understand, thank, ever, seem, shall |

A few days ago I was about to give a class when one of my students came up to me. She said she had to talk to me. She (76)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ quite upset, so I took her out in the hallway to find out what was wrong. She started to cry and told me that she was (77)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so stressed out because her mom was pressuring her into going to medical school. But she didn’t want to. She felt like she would let her mom down (78)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she went against her wishes and she felt very helpless.

I asked her what she wanted to do and she told me she wanted to work in the biotechnology (生物技术) industry. I said, “I believe you (79)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be really good at that. You should try to get a job in a biotechnology lab before (80)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and show your mom that you can make a living by doing that.” I told her she was really (81)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and would do very well. Also I would be happy to talk with her more about her future later. I said I (82)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ how hard it was on her and I was sure she would find her own path (道路).

I (83)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ asked her if she wanted me to talk to her mom. After a hug she told me she was (84)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that I listened and encouraged her. Then she returned to class. It was as if I saw a big weight being lifted from her (85)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and she was ready to begin anew (重新).

**Ⅻ. 书面表达（15分）**

假如你是某国际学校九年级的学生李华，即将初中毕业。作为一名优秀毕业生代表，你将在毕业典礼上发言。请你根据下面的要点提示准备一篇发言稿。

**要点提示：**1. 毕业前的感受；2. 对未来的展望。

**要求：**1. 内容应包括所有的要点提示；2. 语言表达要准确，语意要通顺、连贯；

3. 词数不少于100，发言稿的格式、开头和结尾已给出，但不计入总词数。

Good morning, dear teachers, parents and friends!

How time flies! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Good luck to all of you! And thanks for your attention.

**参考答案**

Ⅴ. 21-25 DBACD   26-30 CAABD   31-35 BCBCD

Ⅵ. 36-40 BADBC   41-45 ABDCA

Ⅶ. 46-50 CEDFA

Ⅷ. 51-55 CDADC  56-60 CDCDA

61. in the meeting room  62. shocked

63. the mirror   64. you  65. strongly believed

Ⅸ. 66. methods  67. congratulations  68. texts

69. senior  70. doubled

Ⅹ. 71. in a row  72. made a mess  73. keep your cool

74. believe in you  75. went by

Ⅺ. 76. seemed   77. feeling   78. if

79. shall   80. graduation  81. talented

82. understood   83. even    84. thankful

85. shoulders

**Ⅻ. One possible version:**

Good morning, dear teachers, parents and friends!

How time flies! Three years will soon pass. We are going to say goodbye to our junior high school. With our teachers’ efforts, our parents’ support and our classmates’ help, all of us have learned a lot over the last three years. So at this moment, I’d like to thank all of you for what you have done for us.

This September we’ll become senior high school students. Senior high school life is one of the most important periods in our life. First, it’s a time to learn as much as possible. That is to say, we must make every effort to work hard on all our lessons. Second, it’s a time to develop good habits and learn how to be independent. I think we’ll enjoy ourselves in senior high school.

Good luck to all of you! And thanks for your attention.

**部分解析**

**单项选择：**

21. D。本小题考查名词词义辨析。article意为“文章；论文”；review意为“评论”；expression意为“表情；表示；表达方式”；instruction意为“指示；说明”。根据常识可知，在服药之前，我们必须认真地读药瓶上的“说明”，故选D。

22. B。本小题考查名词词义辨析。safety意为“安全”；level意为“水平”；attention意为“注意；关注”；future意为“未来”。题意：根据学生的水平会安排不同的写作任务，故选B。

23. A。本小题考查代词。ours意为“我们的”；theirs意为“他们的”；yours意为“你(们)的”；his意为“他的”。说话双方谈论的乒乓球队是同一支队，根据题干上句中的our可知，题干下句要用ours (our table tennis team)，故选A。

24. C。本小题考查形容词词义辨析。typical意为“典型的”；perfect意为“完美的；完全的”；separate意为“单独的；分离的”；spare意为“空闲的；不用的”。根据“我们不共用一间卧室”可知，我们每个人都有“单独的”卧室，故选C。

25. D。本小题考查动词词义辨析。increase意为“增加；增长”；create意为“创造；创建”；mention意为“提到；说到”；overcome意为“克服；战胜”。根据“工人们提前15天完成了任务”可知，前提是他们“战胜”了所有的困难，故选D。

26. C。本小题考查非谓语动词。never fail to do sth.是固定搭配，表示“总能 / 一定能做成某事”，故选C。

27. A。本小题考查主谓一致及动词的时态。主语是由together with组成的短语，因此谓语动词要与其前面的主语(the teacher)保持一致；根据时间状语at the moment可知，“讨论”这一动作正在进行，因此要用现在进行时，故选A。

28. A。本小题考查动词的时态。该句是由unless引导条件状语从句，从句中用一般现在时(tell)表示将来，因此主句中要用一般将来时，故选A。

29. B。本小题考查动词的时态。根据时间状语last year可知，该句要用一般过去时，故选B。

30. D。本小题考查动词的时态。根据时间状语up to now可知，该句要用现在完成时，故选D。

31. B。本小题考查短语动词词义辨析。be thirsty for意为“渴望 / 渴求……”；be responsible for意为“对……有责任 / 负责任”；be harmful to意为“对……有害”；be similar to意为“与……相像的 / 类似的”。根据常识可知，作为医生，应该对所有病人的护理和健康“负责任”，故选B。

32. C。本小题考查固定搭配词义辨析。as a result意为“因此；结果”；as far as I know意为“就我所知”；first of all意为“首先”；all in all意为“总的说来”。根据“我要你们做两件事情”和“然后做一些热身活动”可知，在开始新课之前，“首先”要做的事情是复习昨天所学的，故选C。

33. B。本小题考查短语动词词义辨析。look up to意为“钦佩；仰慕”；look back at意为“回首(往事)；回忆；回顾”；take care of意为“照顾；处理”；take pride in意为“为……感到自豪”。题意：当“我”回首过去，想想有多少时间被浪费了时，我很后悔。故选B。

34. C。本小题考查宾语从句的语序和时态。宾语从句用陈述句语序；根据答语中的wrote (一般过去时)可知，问句中也要用相应的过去时态，故选C。

35. D。本小题考查情景交际。Don’t worry意为“不要担心”；It’s no big deal意为“没什么大不了的”；Good idea意为“好主意”；I’m afraid I can’t意为“恐怕我不能”。shall用于第一人称表示征求对方的意见，发话者建议明天上午11点见面，征求对方的意见，根据答语中的“让我们再早点儿吧。10点怎么样? ”可知，对方认为11点见面不妥，因此会回应“恐怕我不能”，故选D。

**完形填空：**

**【体裁】**说明文

**【话题】**学校

**【大意】**不同的老师有不同的个性。对“难缠”的老师，学生要敞开心扉，与之真诚交谈。

36. B。下一句紧接着讲了友好的老师和严厉的老师，故此处选different，表示老师们有“不同”的个性。

37. A。 “如果”你碰上一个“难缠”的老师，会怎么办呢？

38. D。上文假设你遇到一个“难缠”的老师会怎么办？在给出建议之前，作者先说明了一件事情：“难缠”的老师同样教给学生知识，只是方式不同罢了。作者认为一个人尝试去解决此问题之前必须“明白”这一点。

39. B。由第三段中的picking on (故意刁难)可知作者在此处是要说“是否这个老师’对待’所有的学生一视同仁”。

40. C。由后一句Don’t be afraid可知学生要有“勇气”去问老师原因。

41. A。由本句后面的get examples ready可知你只是“感觉”他在故意刁难你。

42. B。遇到一个“难缠”的老师只是一种假设，去跟老师交谈时可能出现各种情况，老师很乐意跟学生交谈也是一种假设，故选probably，表示可能性。

43. D。explain to sb. 为固定表达，意为“向某人解释”。

44. C。作者建议学生如果遇到“难缠”的老师时，要敞开心扉跟老师去交谈，因此此处选conversation表示和老师之间的“谈话”。

45. A。此处要表达的意思是“把’你的’情况跟父母谈一谈”，故选A。

**阅读理解：**

**A**

**【体裁】**应用文

**【话题】**语言学习

**【大意】**材料介绍了LTL Language School Spoken Chinese Courses的课程安排及价格。

51. C。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由Group classes第一段第二句中的Classes are on Monday, Wednesday and Friday可知答案。

52. D。本小题考查学生理解具体信息的能力。由Group classes第二段中的第一、二句可知the Intensive Program需要额外上两天课，一天上4个小时，两天共上8个小时，再加上the Standard Program本来要上的12个小时，因此the Intensive Program要求学生一星期上20个小时的课。

53. A。本小题考查学生推理判断的能力。由Individual classes段落第二句中的at any location in Beijing可推出答案。

54. D。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。Class prices表格中可找出6个星期Intensive Program的价格是12,951 yuan，故选D。

55. C。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由Group classes第二段第二句中的on Tuesday and Thursday可知1-on-1 classes of the Intensive Program的课是一周两次，故C项正确。由Group classes第一段第一句括号中的6 people at most可知A项错误；由Class prices括号中的including textbooks可知不需要另外付教科书的费用，故B项错误；由Individual classes段落倒数第二句可知要了解价格信息，可以给Maria发微信，而不是发邮件，故D项错误。

**B**

**【体裁】**说明文

**【话题】**学校

**【大意】**材料介绍了新加坡中小学生的户外技能课程。

56. C。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第一段倒数第二句可知答案。

57. D。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由第二段第一句破折号后边的内容可知答案为D。

58. C。本小题考查学生推理判断的能力。第三段用一个问题What do the students think? 开头，紧接着用学生Angelique的例子就是为了以实例来回答这个问题，即介绍学生对户外技能课程的体会，故选C。

59. D。本小题考查学生查找细节信息的能力。由倒数第二段第二句可知答案。

60. A。本小题考查学生归纳文章标题的能力。材料首先介绍了户外技能课程的内容，然后分别从理论和实践上谈了户外技能课程的好处，最后谈了它的发展，主题都是围绕outdoor-skills courses，故A项作标题最能概括材料大意。

**综合填空：**

**【体裁】**记叙文

**【话题】**学校

**【大意】**老师通过和学生的暖心交流，帮助学生卸下重担。

76. seemed。根据后面的形容词upset可知空格处要填一个连系动词，故选seem，表示“似乎；看起来”，并用其过去式形式。

77. feeling。根据后面的stressed out可知空格处要填一个连系动词，表示感觉，故选feel。另外此处用过去进行时，前面已有was，故填feeling。

78. if。 “如果”她违背了妈妈的意愿，她会让妈妈失望。

79. shall。shall作情态动词，表示“将要；将会”。

80. graduation。由本段第一句中的she wanted to work in the biotechnology (生物技术) industry可知这是学生在毕业前规划工作，故选graduate。before graduation表示“毕业前”。

81. talented。分析句子语法成分可知此处需要填一个形容词，且具有了这个形容词的特征，后面才能do very well，故选talent，并用其形容词形式talented。

82. understood。分析句子语法成分可知此处缺一个动词，要表达的意思为“我”“明白”这对她有多难，故选understand，动作发生在过去，故用动词的过去式。

83. even。 “我”和学生进行了交流，接下来又问她是否需要跟她妈妈交流，关心的程度更近了一步，故选even。

84. thankful。 “我”倾听学生的心声，并鼓励她，她很“感激”“我”，故选thank，另外由was可知此处需要填形容词，故用其形容词形式thankful。

85. shoulders。学生和“我”交流，听了“我”的鼓励后，卸下了重担，我们一般说“重任在肩”，故选shoulder，并用其复数形式。